





# THE INDEPENDENT

The People's Paper — Established 1886

JAS. A. LIVINGSTON & SONS, Owners and Publishers.

JAS. A. LIVINGSTON, General Manager.  
J. ORLON LIVINGSTON, Editor.  
J. RUT. J. A. M. LIVINGSTON, Business Manager.

Issued every Wednesday from the Office of Publishers, Main and Oak Streets, Grimsby.

Telephone 36

W. W. KIDD      G. T. FARRELL

## KIDD & FARRELL

Real Estate and Insurance

Private and Company

### MONEY TO LOAN

Office Main Street, GRIMSBY.

## Jas. Crawford

Confectioner

Manufacturer of Wedding Cakes  
Ice Cream and Fine Candy

Weddings, Receptions, At Homes and Entertainments Served

Lunch Counters Caterers

34 KING ST. W., HAMILTON

### Keep Your Paper FOR THE RED CROSS

The GRIMSBY Women's Institute are still anxious to get paper to be sold for the benefit of their Red Cross work. All parties who have old papers or magazines or old rubber stamps should keep them for this purpose. Fold your paper about a foot square and stick them one on top of the other until you have a bundle about a foot deep, then tie it up with good strong string, one that will not break easily. Keep your magazines separately and tie them up in bundles with strong cord. When you have a sufficient number bring them to the

paper building on the east side of the Independent Block GRIMSBY.

Those who cannot deliver the papers themselves to the building, should notify the Independent Office and an automobile will call for the paper.

Periodical collections will be made in the Village, but the parties, who make collections, are busy men and all papers should be tied up in bundles, so that they can be put into an automobile quickly, so as to save time. Parties in the township, who have no way of delivering the paper themselves should make arrangements with some neighbor to bring them to the paper house on his day or in his automobile.

The Salvation Army from Hamilton has been gathering papers in GRIMSBY and district, but as this organization has no tabernacle in GRIMSBY, the GRIMSBY people should keep their paper for their local Red Cross benefit. If a thousand families save all the paper, will soon make a car load.

Do not roll the paper into small rolls as they have to be unrolled before they go in the bales and this work costs almost as much as the paper is worth.

If these instructions are followed carefully the Red Cross can make some money out of waste paper.

## Winter WEATHER DANGERS

Keep Peps handy as the sure and safe remedy for winter coughs, colds, sore throat, influenza and bronchitis.

Keep the boys at the front well supplied too. They can have nothing better than Peps to ward off colds and chest troubles caused by exposure to bad weather.

The Peps medicine is breathed in as a Peps tablet dissolves in the mouth. It penetrates where liquid medicine cannot reach; and provides direct and instant protection for every part of the throat and chest.

### FREE TRIAL

Send this advertisement and 1c. stamp (for return postage) to Peps Co., Dupont St., Toronto and free trial package will be sent you.

## PEPS

### The Hospital for Sick Children

TORONTO

War Laid Heavy Hand on Charity.

The annual report of the Hospital for Sick Children, Toronto, for 1938, shows a new record, despite the heavy hand of the war placed upon its resources. The task of maintaining the hospital for the sick children of this province, no light one in view of the Hospital's splendid response to the national call for 25 doctors and 42 nurses from its forces have been service overseas.

Yet the number of patients treated in 1938, or 1,266 more than last year. Of these 1,266 patients, 755 were from 156 places outside of Toronto. The financial efforts of the staff made possible also a reduction in the average length of stay necessary for the little patients from 24 days in 1934 to 14 this year.

These results show that the Hospital has again paid to the children rich dividends of health upon the investment of their supporters.

There has been careful stewardship of the funds entrusted to the Hospital. There has been saving—almost everywhere—in every direction except where it would prevent the Hospital's continuing the suffering or shortening the sickness of one child. The daily cost of operation was held at the lowest point which would still allow the children entrusted to the Hospital to get the best medicine and the best of care.

And yet so high has risen the cost of every item in the Hospital's budget—in labor, in fuel, in food, and, above all, in medical supplies—that the total cost of operation for one day has risen from \$23.24 back in 1934 to \$42.25 in 1938. Of that, \$1,000—the amount per patient per day that the official government grants do not cover—must come from voluntary contributions.

During the past four years orders were incurred to the extent of \$100,000, which the "trustworthy" would be wiped out by the public as soon as the war drew to its close, and those heavy demands came when have been made upon the generosity of the loyal people of this province. The time has now come when it is necessary to make the friends of the Hospital's drive need of financial assistance.

If this 43rd Christmas appeal gains the support of the friends of the Charity to support it, it will be necessary to mortgage its land, buildings and plant to the bounty of the Sir John Joseph Robertson that property as justly deserved of debt for the first time since it began its history of helping money.

These children have lost a big friend, and the province a noble benefactor. It is the saddest of deaths when the work of a man is ended with a mortgage which was then a year of his labor.

What think you?

Send your answer as soon as possible to the Secretary Treasurer, Hospital for Sick Children, 430 College Street, Toronto. Meanwhile "Charity will carry on" trustfully.

IRVING E. ROBERTSON, Chairman of Appeal Committee.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS

The Independent has an article by the Canada Food Board of Grimsby that all purveyors of food publishing advertisements in this newspaper must insert the name of their product in each advertisement as follows:

## NEW C.P.O.S. LINERS



The part played by the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services in the great European war will make a big chapter in Canadian history. Undoubtedly the sea supremacy of Great Britain was one of the most potent factors in the winning of the victory which was obtained, and the ship of the C. P. O. S. took a big part in making Great Britain victorious at sea. There are few branches of sea service in which they did not take a part. Mounted, with guns, some of them were where there was fighting to be done.

Over 4,000,000 tons of cargo and munitions of war have been carried in addition to many thousands of troops and miles.

The C. P. O. S. have carried it in the midweek of hostilities to October 31st, 1918, 1919, 1920, 1921, and 1922, all over the world, including ports in China and Japan, Hong Kong, Bombay, Madras, Ceylon, Calcutta, and the Mediterranean, Persian Gulf, and the Indian Ocean.

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approximately 100 cabins and 1,150 third class passengers. The Gymnasium on "A" Deck (or Boat Deck) is fitted with the latest mechanical device for exercise and amusement. On "B" Deck (or Upper Promenade Deck) are located the Cabin Smoking Room, Cabin Drawing Room and Cabin Lounge.

The Entrance Hall from the exterior Promenade Deck with its paneling, stairs and staircase is an attractive approach to the dining room.

The dining room, with its wood-paneled walls and ceiling, is fitted with the latest mechanical device for exercise and amusement. On "B" Deck (or Upper Promenade Deck) are located the Cabin Smoking Room, Cabin Drawing Room and Cabin Lounge.

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On Deck "C" (or Lower Promenade Deck) is to be found the Bureau and Ticket Office. A special feature is the spacious square and gallery around the well over the Dining Saloon. A good number of well appointed, airy and commodious staterooms are provided amidships for cabin passengers containing three and four berths. At the forward end an entrance for third class passengers is provided.

On "D" Deck is situated the Dining Room, which extends the whole breadth of the ship and has seating accommodation for 200 persons, placed at small and large tables. It is tastefully decorated in the Georgian style, a special feature being the open staircase. There is accommodation for 60 cabin passengers on this deck in four berth staterooms.

At the extreme after end of "D" Deck, the Third Class Smoking Room is to be found, whilst at the forward end there is a Third Class Dining Saloon, with seating capacity for 140 persons, another Smoking Room and also a General Room. The Main Third Class Dining Saloon, seating over 400, is also on this deck.

On the starboard side of Deck "E" are a number of Cabin Staterooms containing two and four berths, whilst another Third Class Dining Saloon, with a seating capacity for 125 persons, is situated in the after end of the ship.

The Mismable was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine in 1918.

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## Thinking About Shoes

Then you should think of us. We have prepared a most wonderful showing of

### The Season's Newest & Best Footwear Productions for Men, Women, and Children.

JNO. C. FARRELL

Main Street Grimsby

## Cheap Apples

GREENING, per 11 qt. Basket..... \$1.00  
BALDWIN, per 11 qt. Basket..... \$1.00  
GOLDEN RUSSETS, per 11 qt. Basket..... \$1.00  
NORTHERN SPIES, per 11 qt. Basket..... \$1.00

Bring your own Baskets

JAS. A. LIVINGSTON,  
Grimsby, Ont.

Thrift is the surest rudder in this time of national peril

# SAVE

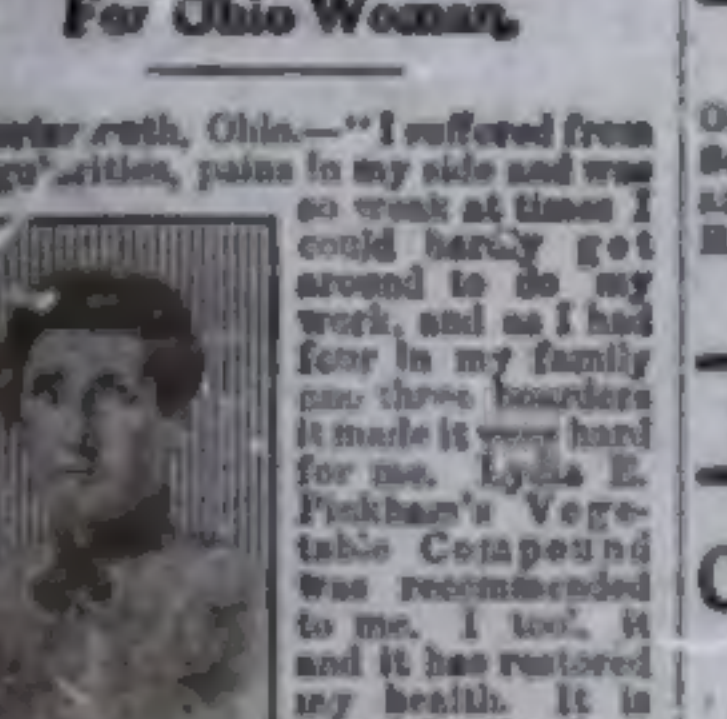
COAL  
LIGHT  
GASOLINE  
MONEY

Fuel Saved is Fuel Made

"Save until it Hurts"

## "BEST MEDICINE FOR WOMEN"

What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Did For Ohio Woman.



For my health, I suffered from irregularities, pains in my side and was so weak at times I could hardly get around to do my work, and as I had four in my family and three boarders it made it very hard for me. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me. I took it and it has restored my health. It is certainly the best medicine for women's ailments I ever saw. — Mrs. RARA SHAW, R. No. 1, Portsmouth, Ohio.

Mrs. Shaw proved the merit of this medicine and wrote this letter in order that other suffering women may find relief as she did.

Women who are suffering as she was should not drag along from day to day without giving this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a trial. For special advice in regard to such ailments write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of its forty years experience is at your service.

## BUSINESS CARDS

**DENTAL**  
**DR. W. A. BROWNLEE**  
Dentist  
Office—Stephen Block (Second Floor)  
Office Hours—8:30 A. M. to 6 P. M.  
GRIMSBY, ONT.

**Dr. J. M. Hughton**  
Dentist  
Office over J. C. Farrells Shoe Store  
Phone 215 Electrical Equipment  
GRIMSBY ONT

**F. HANSEL, Dentist,**  
Office and residence, 75 Sherman Ave. North, between King and Main Sts. and five doors north of the E. C. & B. Ry. Sta.  
Hamilton, Ont.

**LEGAL**  
**G. E. McCLACHIE**  
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public  
Office—Grimsby and Hamilton.  
Ready to take at current rates.

**Henry Carpenter**  
Solicitor, Notary Public  
45 Federal Life Building, Hamilton  
Phone 794.

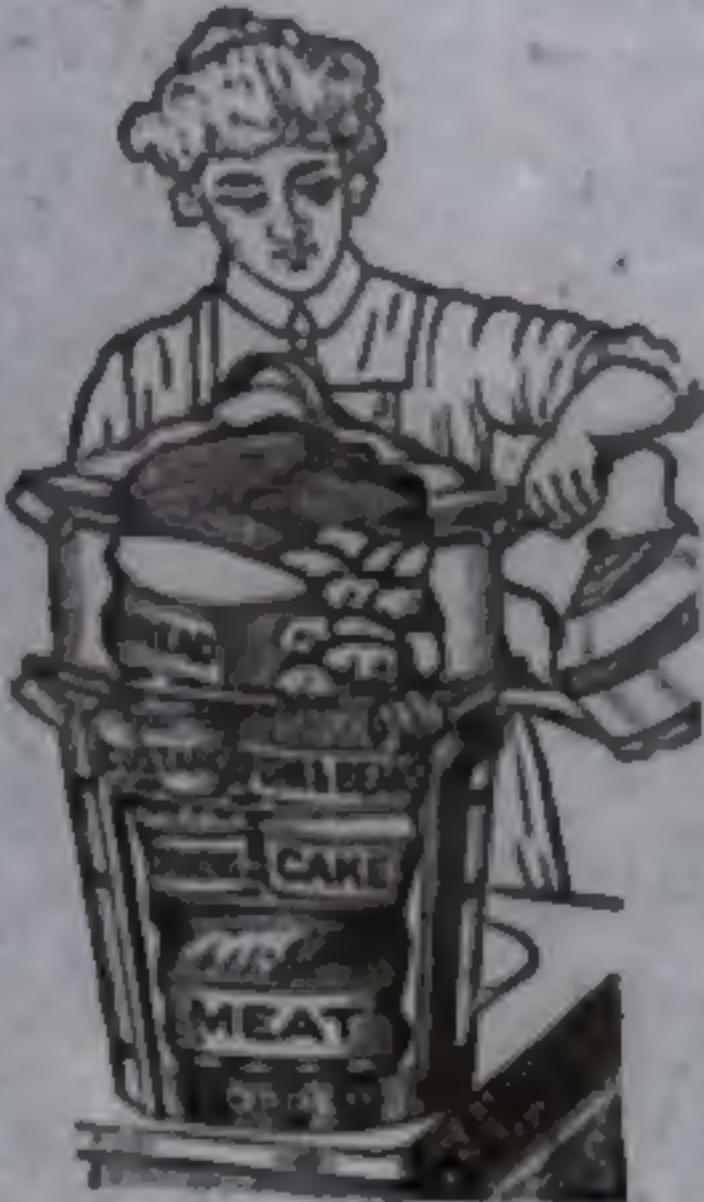
**LAND SURVEYOR**  
**McKay, McKay & Webster**  
DOMINION LAND SURVEYORS  
ONTARIO LAND SURVEYORS  
CIVIL ENGINEERS  
James A. McKay, Engineer, C. McKay, William G. Webster  
Telephone 4766  
607 Bank of Hamilton Chambers  
HAMILTON, ONT.

**MEDICAL**  
**Dr. R. A. Alexander**  
Physician and Surgeon  
Grimsby, Ontario  
Office Hours: 9 to 10 a.m., 1 to 2 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.  
Main Street West  
Phone No. 1, Grimsby.

**MISCELLANEOUS**

**MONEY TO LOAN**  
On real estate security. Both Private and Company funds.  
**W. B. CALDER**  
Valuator for The Hamilton Provident and Loan Society Insurance and Real Estate  
Office—Main Street, Grimsby  
PHONE NO. 7





Did you see this  
cook your Vegetables, Meat, and  
Pudding? All in  
one Cooker. All  
over one fire.  
Summer or Winter.

WRAY'S HARDWARE  
Grimsby PHONE 130

## FUEL SUPPLY FREE

To Municipalities of the  
Province of Ontario



A view in the hardwood forests in the Algonquin Park

OWING to the seriousness of the fuel situation at the present time, the Government of Ontario would urge upon all the farmers or others who may have wood lots, to assist at this time by making provision for their fuel supply from such lots.

The Government would also draw the attention of the various Municipalities throughout the Province to the necessity of taking some Municipal action to secure fuel supply. To this end the Government has decided to issue to any Municipality in Ontario a permit to cut fire wood in Algonquin Park or from other Crown Lands free of charge. For particulars as to localities, conditions of cutting, etc., apply to

G. H. FERGUSON,  
Minister of Lands, Forests and Mines,  
Parliament Buildings, Toronto.

## "THE STORE OF 1001 THINGS"

Call and see the famous  
Detroit Vapor Stove

Burns 22 hours on 1  
gallon Oil. No Wick No  
Smoke No Odor.

THEAL BROS. HARDWARE  
Phone 21 GRIMSBY, ONT.

The INDEPENDENT  
is "The People's Paper".

Try an Independent Ad

## Soldiers Home



## Coming Campaign

### War Work and After-War Work of the SALVATION ARMY

"FIRST TO SERVE—LAST TO APPEAL"

The Salvation Army has for 53 years been organized on a military basis—trained to hardship, sacrifice and service. It is always in action, day and night. It has maintained Military Hospitals, Hostels and Rest Rooms, providing food and rest for tens of thousands of soldiers each day. 12,000 uniformed workers and 45 ambulances have been in service at the front—in addition to taking care of the needs of soldiers' families here at home, assisting the widows and orphans, and relieving distress arising from the absence of the soldier head of the family.

Notwithstanding all the Government is planning to do, notwithstanding the penurious and the relief work of other organizations, hundreds of cases of urgent human need are constantly demanding the practical help the Salvation Army is trained and equipped to render.

## The Salvation Army Million Dollar Fund

January 19th to 25th

While it could do so, the Salvation Army has carried on without any general appeal. Now the crisis is arising with the return of the 200,000 soldiers. The budget for essential work during the coming year has been prepared. A million dollars must be raised to continue the after-the-war activities, which include:

#### Hostels for Soldiers

Salvation Army Hostels are chiefly necessary for the protection and comfort of the soldier at the many changing points between France and his home here in Canada. These Hostels—military hotels—provide good food, clean beds, wholesome recreation and a place where the soldier can rest and relax. If the boys did not have a Hostel to go to, WHERE would they go?

#### Care of the Widows, Orphans, Dependents and

Some hundreds of cases could be cited where widows and orphans have been completely neglected by the Government. The Salvation Army has stepped in to relieve their families from this need. As an instance, a mother with six children is located—she feels, weathers, feeds and clothes her children by the aid of the Army. They are taken to Salvation Army Emergency Bureaus, and the Army takes care of them until they can be placed in homes. Widows and orphans receive the same care and attention as the soldiers.

The service of the Salvation Army, founded on sacrifice, demonstrates the true spirit of the Master. It is directed to the extension of the Kingdom of Christ. For two generations the Salvation Army has stood out and out for God.

It approaches practical problems in a practical way and achieves RESULTS. It co-operates with all—overlaps none. It recognizes neither color, race nor creed. It is always in action, day and night. No organization does greater work at less cost. To carry on its great work it must have financial help, and on its behalf members of the Dominion Government, business men and returned soldiers endorse this appeal for funds.

"LET YOUR GRATITUDE FIND EXPRESSION IN SERVICE"

THE SALVATION ARMY MILLION DOLLAR FUND COMMITTEE

Headquarters: 29 Albert St., Toronto

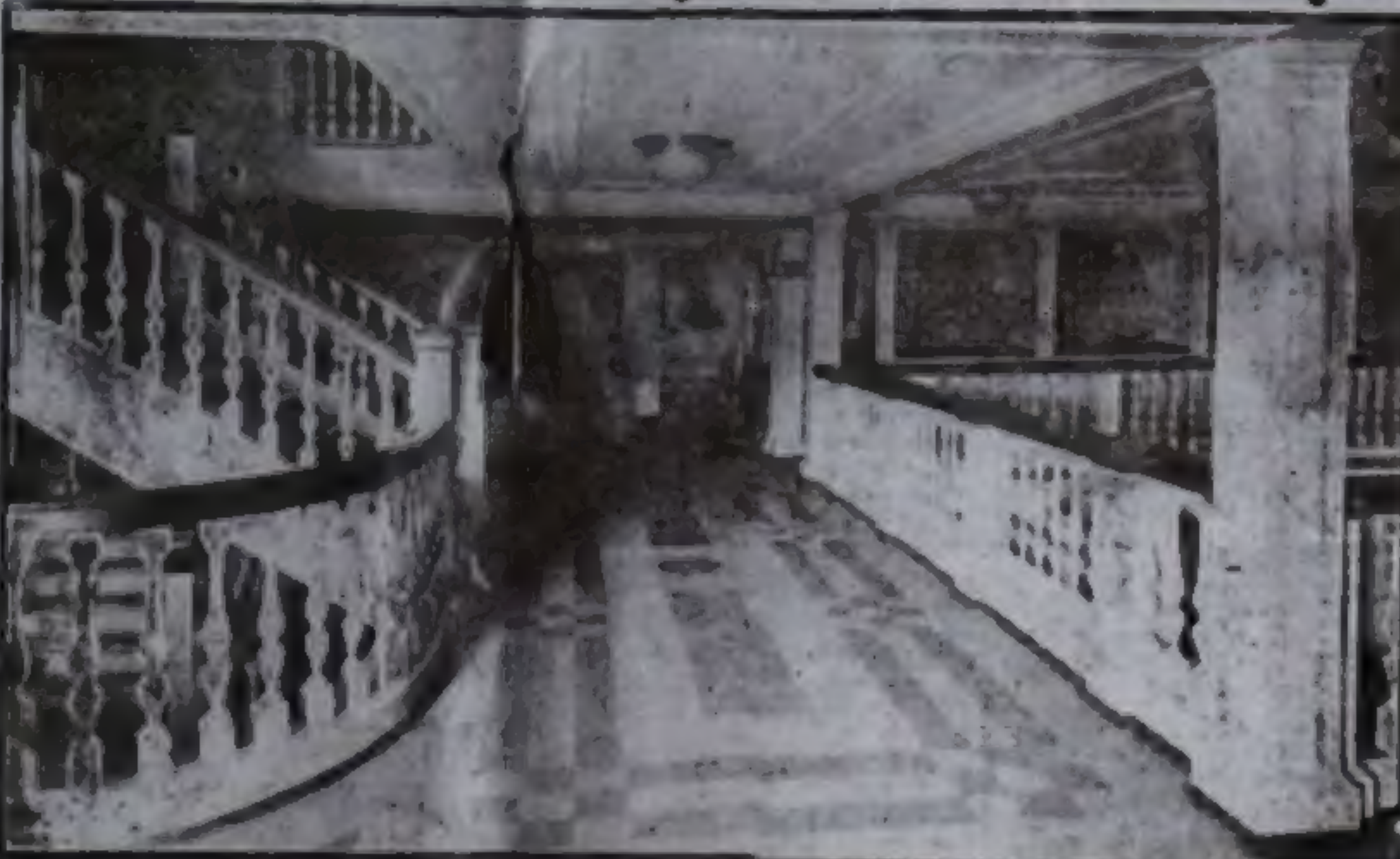
#### Keeping the Family Unit Intact

The women of the Salvation Army on their visiting rounds accomplish the apparently impossible. In the discharged soldier out of a job? They find him one. In the wife sick, the home-work piling up, the children neglected? They nurse the wife, mother the children, cook and wash. In these urgent need for food, fuel, shelter or medicine? They are supplied. In unemployment, of course, but more important is the saving of the family unit which the work is done.

#### When the Soldier Needs a Friend

The Salvation Army Lads provide the boys with hot coffee, the pipe, cigarettes, magazines, writing materials, and the spiritual comfort which the boys in khaki need. Until the last home-based soldier is re-established in civilian life, will you not help the Salvation Army to combat the demoralization and loneliness that beset his path?

## NEW C.P.O.S. LINERS



THE part played by the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services in the great European war will make a chapter in Canadian history. Undoubtedly the sea supremacy of Great Britain was one of the most potent factors in the winning of the victory which was obtained, and the ships of the C. P. O. S. took a big part in making Great Britain supreme at sea. There are few branches of sea service in which they did not take a part. Mounted with guns some of them were where the sea battles were fought.

Over 4,000,000 tons of cargo and munitions in war years were carried in addition to many thousands of men and women.

The C. P. O. S. have carried from the outbreak of hostilities to October 31st, 1918, 1,041,000 troops and passengers all over the world, including ports in China and Japan, Singapore, Bombay, Madras, Suez, Gallipoli, ports in the Mediterranean, Cuba, Colombia, Porto-Rico, Panama, San Francisco, and Hawaii.

In addition to the west coast of North and South America, and the United States and Canadian ports, the ships of the C. P. O. S. have carried troops by sea to all parts of the world.

Over 300 officers and engineers were found out of the company's service for the Royal Navy. Lieut. R. N. Stuart, one of them, has won the D.S.O. and the V.C. for his services.

## Contrator's and Builder's Supplies

Lime, Portland Cement,  
Plaster Paris, etc.  
Plastering Hair  
Mortar Color  
Lath

All other Contractors' Supplies

## H. & J. Dow

61 Main St. West  
Telephone 771. HAMILTON

## Dr. Wm. E. Cruickshank

M. B. (Toronto), L. R. C. P. & S.  
(Edin.), L. R. F. P. & S. (Glasg.)  
Successor to the Late Dr. Jandewee.

Office and Residence Main St.,  
near Robinson.  
Phone 345. Grimsby

## CARPETS CLEANED UPHOLSTERING

Write or Phone 2674  
F. HARVEY  
79 Algonquin St., Hamilton

## Spring and Summer FOOTWEAR

In men's and women's  
sneakers, Halls, or men's,  
women's and children's pumps  
and oxfords, and also a good  
assortment of sporting and  
tennis shoes.

## H. BULL'S Shoe Store

Next to Post Office.  
GRIMSBY, ONT.  
Phone 812 ring 2, 812 ring 2.

## THE Hamilton Provident and Loan Society

Corner King and Hughes Sts.  
Hamilton.

Pays 2 1/2 per cent. on daily bal-  
ances on Savings accounts  
of \$1.00 and upwards.

4 Per cent. paid on Debentures  
for one or two years.  
5 Per cent. paid on Debentures  
for three or five years.  
Money to loan.

W. D. CALDER, Valuator.  
Grimsby.  
D. M. CAMERON, Treasurer.

## Farmers Must Not Buy Coal Without a Permit

Toronto, October, 24, 1918.

T. W. Allen, Sec'y.  
Fuel Commission.  
North Grimsby.

Dear Sir:—  
The question has frequently been  
brought to our attention as to the  
supply of anthracite coal to farm-  
ers.

We are using our best endeavor  
to procure coal for everyone in  
the Province, but it seems to us  
that the average farmer is in a  
much more fortunate position than  
the residents of cities, towns or  
villages, in that in case of emer-  
gency he is provided with some  
alternative means of obtaining fuel  
of some kind for heating purposes,  
whereas the residents of cities,  
towns or villages have to look to  
the coal dealer.

Each consent to your local dealer,  
which, of course, in your case will  
not be done until you are abso-  
lutely satisfied that he is unable to  
procure any other fuel.

Yours very truly,  
R. HOBBS SMITH  
Fuel Administrator for Ontario.  
NOTE.—For any further informa-  
tion apply to Thomas W. Allen,  
Sec'y Fuel Commission, North  
Grimsby. No farmer shall be supplied with  
anthracite coal until the issue



# LOCAL ITEMS

of interest in and around GRIMSBY

Askes Wanted-Parties who have coin sales in any quantity can have them removed free by applying to me, as I need them for filling purposes. Jas. A. Livingston.

For Sale-Three head of yearlings, all heifers, well bred Holstein and Jersey. Apply to Wm. O'Hanlon, Grimsby.

Miss Marjorie Dorey left on Monday for Boston, on an extended visit to relatives.

The overcoat season is here in earnest and we are exceptionally well prepared to satisfy your most exacting demands at prices below our competitors. Always remember that we manufacture our own clothing right on our premises at 5 Market Square. This gives us an enormous advantage especially in these times of shortage of goods. We bought the piece goods one and two years ago at low prices, and have just made up a fine range of suits and overcoats. Just give us an opportunity to show you our goods. Will save you money and give you perfect satisfaction. We make suits to order. Come in and give us a trial. Always at your service. We give premium tickets. Farrow, Clothing Manufacturers, 5 Market Square, Hamilton.

Mrs. Phillip Tregunno, Maple Ave. will be at home the third Thursday in each month.

House to Rent-Newly decorated, all modern conveniences, electric light, hot water heating. Apply P. P. Carruthers or P. F. Macklem, Metal Craft Co., Ltd.

Miss Nadine Bell of Hamilton, spent the Christmas holidays with her cousin Miss Naomi Sandy.

For Sale-Good hard green wood, 14 inches long, \$4.00 per cord. Apply to L. A. Wade, Main Road East, phone 185, GRIMSBY.

For Sale-Three heavy work horses, can be seen at the stable of H. D. Smith & Son, Ltd., Windsor. For further particulars apply to J. W. Harper, Farm Foreman, Windsor, phone 84.

Mr. Robt. Steed of Crossmore, was the guest of his niece, Mrs. Thos. Sandy, GRIMSBY, Monday, over Sunday.

Mr. Curran will not be in his office this week, owing to sickness.

Miss Hazel Reaman of GRIMSBY, spent the week-end with her sister at Alexandra Hall, St. Catharines.

Grimsby Dancing Academy will be open Friday evenings only, until further notice.

Electric Light and Power Wiring-Let me give you an estimate on your electrical work, orders promptly attended to. E. Farewell, phone 311, GRIMSBY.

## REMOVAL

The public will please take note that on account of the fire, I have removed my shoe repairing shop next to Moore's Theatre, Grimsby.

DON'T OVERLOOK ME

### CHAS. HALL

GRIMSBY

## Be Particular About Your Eyes

Do you know that a \$50.000 Accident Policy pays its face value the same as for death? For that of both eyes?

Have you ever seriously considered what your eyes are worth to you? A moment's reflection of your helplessness without them will give you a better appreciation of their value.

### VERNON TUCK

JEWELER and OPTICIAN  
GRIMSBY  
Agency "The Master's Voice."

ESTABLISHED 1872

## BANK OF HAMILTON

Record of Progress for 50 years taken from Government Statement as of October 31st.

	Deposits	Loans	Total Assets
1913	\$35,601,000	\$9,300,000	\$44,901,000
1914	\$37,700,000	\$11,200,000	\$48,900,000
1915	\$38,100,000	\$11,200,000	\$49,300,000
1916	\$41,200,000	\$11,200,000	\$52,400,000
1917	\$47,700,000	\$11,100,000	\$58,800,000
1918	\$50,611,000	\$11,100,000	\$61,711,000

J. F. BELL, General Manager.  
F. W. Foltzger, Manager at Grimsby.

# MET E CHURCHE

## BAPTIST

Sunday, January 13th.  
11 a.m.-The Secret of a Happy Day.  
2.30 p.m.-Bible School.  
7 p.m.-The Christian's Hope.  
Monday 8 p.m.-R. Y. P. U.  
Tuesday 8 p.m.-Mission Circle at home of Mrs. J. Brooks.

## ST. JOSEPH'S R. C.

Sunday, January 13th, 1915  
High Mass in St. Joseph's R. C. Church at 10.45.

## PRESBYTERIAN

Sunday Evening Jan. 13, 1915  
7 p.m.-A special service for men. Subject: "The Church and the Average Man Outside."  
A cordial invitation is extended to the men of the Town, to hear this address.

## METHODIST

Sunday, Jan. 13th.  
Rev. J. A. McLACHLAN, Pastor.  
Rev. W. O. Russell, B. A. B. D., of Jordan Station, will preach at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.  
Sunday School Session at 2.30 p.m. Remember the supper given by the Ladies' Aid on Thursday, Jan. 14th, followed by a pleasant social evening with music.

If you want a car of Stock Yards manure, call up Peter Bertram, phone 51, GRIMSBY.

For Sale-A quantity of Ben Nevan soft coal, also some hay and straw. Apply to C. W. Pritchard, phone 3 ring 21, Smithville.

There was a change in the C. T. R. timetables on Sunday last, Jan. 13th, but nothing to effect GRIMSBY, and the trains both ways which serve this section remain on the schedule they have been following.

Hear the new fox-trot "MARY." Victor Record No. 15500 at Vernon Tuck's Store, GRIMSBY.

## Water Notice

The water rate accounts are now being sent out for the first quarter of 1915. The rate is just the same as it was in the last half of 1914. In some cases the amount is higher because our inspection has shown that in some cases extra taps have been installed without reporting to the Water Commission. These have been charged for at the regular rate. Water users who have no extra taps have been charged exactly the usual rate. If any one has any complaint of being overcharged they should come to the office and have them after adjusted.

W. F. RANDALL,  
Superintendent.



## BUSINESS TRAINING

May be all that is between you and the position you envy another one holding.

DECISION

May be all that is keeping you from getting that Business Training.

DECIDE NOW

You are master of your own destiny-it's up to you.

YOU CAN KNOW IT AT ANY TIME, BUT DON'T PUT IT OFF.

The CANADA BUSINESS COLLEGE  
HAMILTON  
CANADA

ESTABLISHED 1872

## BANK OF HAMILTON

Record of Progress for 50 years taken from Government Statement as of October 31st.

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1918	\$50,611,000	\$11,100,000	\$61,711,000

J. F. BELL, General Manager.  
F. W. Foltzger, Manager at Grimsby.

No matter how much or how little land you farm, you will do it more profitably if you are a subscriber for the Weekly Sun, the farmers' business paper, \$1.00 per year. Send your order direct to The Weekly Sun, Toronto.

## PEERLESS WATER SYSTEM

work automatically and give you an abundant supply of fresh, running water any place about the house or barn at any hour of the day or night.

Call and see one of these systems in full operation at the  
Standard Sanitary  
Mfg. Co., Limited  
26-28 Jackson St., Hamilton, Ont.

## VIRAMOUNT

This peaceful little hamlet was the scene of a movie last Wednesday which gave promise of being staged a la Douglas Fairbanks, but also which ended in a farce, the supposed hero in the play failing to capture the villain. The principal actors in the play were Constable Springstead of Stony Creek, Inspector Sturdee and assistant, and two unknown men who were quite oblivious of being slated to act the villains. It seems that on Tuesday two suspicious acting individuals were seen prowling around the station. One of them eventually screwed up enough courage to enter and asked the agent if a package had arrived from Montreal, said to contain ink and store polish. It had not, but the bill was there to show that it was coming. The fact that it was coming from Montreal and was said to contain ink looked black on the start, so the Stony Creek sleuth was notified. The next day found the setting for the real day's all arranged, with the confederates of the O. T. A. residing in the first shed and came of the residents of the village posted at points of vantage to see the picture taken. Excitement became intense when an auto rolled into the station yard and the two villains descended. They entered the station, appearing very nervous, the parcel had arrived. The receipt was signed and the new owners started to walk out of the station. According to the programme the freight shed door should have burst open at this stage in the proceedings and the villains forced to surrender, but there was no movement from that quarter. The unknown got outside of the door, the other now came to life, and the Stony Creek pulled out a gun looking good and at villain No. 1 and ordered him to stop, with no result. The officer now proceeded to the trigger and the station started closed his eyes to shut out the impending tragedy about to be enacted but this time it was the unknown gun that did not go off. The villain kept moving forward, snarling, crawling over, minus his overcoat, which was left in the Constable's hand, who did not pursue him as was saying his in the afternoon. Sturdee and Co. in the meantime were trying to round up villain No. 2, but unlike his namesake of Fiddlers' Island fame, he failed to annihilate the enemy who also escaped. On an examination being made of the package it was found to contain a liquid that the Stony Creek law enforcer said was used in the Creek a number of years ago and which affected the color of the nose. The auto was taken into custody it being stationary. Thus ended a movie that was to be staged a la Douglas Fairbanks, but which ended a la Charlie Chaplin.



Bessie Love in Triangle Play, "Cheerful Givers."

BESSIE LOVE  
"CHEERFUL GIVERS" STARS  
Bessie Love as the triangle kiddies will appear at the Theatre, January 13th in "Cheerful Givers," a delightful story, by Mary O'Connor, concerning the children of an orphanage who are "farmed out" to private homes, where they create situations of comedy and drama.

Bessie Love is never seen to better advantage than when portrayed by the reliable Triangle kiddies, for these youngsters are very fond of music. In the play the boys' clothes for the first time a "far-fetched" life.

"And she's a regular boy," says George, "the leader of the kiddies. 'Don't throw a ball like a girl,' he throws it just like all the boys do."

Also Matt, "The Tail of a Pig."

# January Clearance Sale

## Thirty Day stock reduction Sale. Abundant Opportunities to save in this Great January Clean-up Sale.

### Ladies Mantles, Suits and Dresses at Marked down January Sale Prices. Every Garments Reduced for Quick and Positive Clearance

### COATS

\$20.00 to \$35.00 Coat Values, January Sale.....	\$10.00
\$25.00 to \$30.00 Coat values, January Sale.....	\$12.00
\$15.00 to \$20.00 Coat values, January Sale.....	\$11.00

## January Sale of Ladie's and Childrens Underwear and Hosiery.

Ten dozen Ladies' Vests and Drawers, Reg. \$1.35, January Sale Price..... \$0.90  
Children's and Misses' Vests and Drawers, Reg. \$0.90, January Sale Price..... \$0.60  
Ten dozen Ladies' Cashmere Hosiery, Special..... \$1.00 per pr.  
Ladies' brown and black Lisle Hosiery, all sizes..... \$0.50 and \$0.60 pair  
Children's Wool Hosiery, grey heel and toe, all sizes, clearing at..... \$0.75 pair  
Children's Brown Ribbed Hosiery, all sizes..... \$0.50 and \$0.60 pair  
Boys' Heavy Worsted Hosiery, worth \$1.25, Clearing..... \$0.90 pair  
Boys' Heavy Ribbed Hosiery, worth 75c, for..... \$0.50 pair  
Twenty-five dozen Children's Cotton Ribbed Hosiery, Special 50c

## Extraordinary Men's and Boy's Suit Values.

Men's Navy Serge Suits in large sizes 42 to 44, Regular \$25.00, Clearing at..... \$15.00  
Men's Tweed Suits, Regular \$30.00 to \$35.00, Clearing \$20.00 to \$25.00  
Boys' School Suits, Special Clearing..... \$0.75, \$1.00, to \$1.50  
Boys' Knickerbockers..... \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00  
Youths' and Boys' Overalls..... \$0.50 to \$1.00 pair  
Last chance to buy Peabody's Overalls and Jumpers, at \$0.10 each. February 1st, price will be \$2.00 each.

## Men's Underwear and Sweater Coats - Present Demanded Goods at Present Possible Sale Price

Old garments in Men's Shirts and Drawers, worth \$1.50 to \$2.25, Clearing..... \$0.75 to \$1.10 Garment  
Men's Elastic Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, Regular \$2.50, Clearing at..... \$1.00 Garment  
Peabody's Shirts and Drawers, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00 Garment.  
All sizes in Boys' Stocked lined Underwear, Clearing at..... \$0.50 Garment  
Boys' Wool Underwear, Clearing 90c to \$1.30 each.

## The A. F. Hawke Company

Next J. A. M. Livingston, who for the past three months, has been Major-Commandant of Woodberry Forest School, Virginia, is not returning to the South to resume his duties, on account of the School being accepted as a unit of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps. U. S. A. from the first of the year. This leaves the Cadet Corps which Lieut. Livingston had command of under U. S. Government supervision and inspection and calls for a United States Army Officer to be in command. Positive confirmation to this effect was only received by Lieut. Livingston on Saturday last, the day previous to his proposed departure to Virginia to resume his work; although he had been rather looking for it as he had prepared the School's application and data for their entry into the R. O. T. C.

For Sale-A good house on Livingston Avenue, all conveniences, or would rent to careful tenant, either furnished or unfurnished. Also nice farm 12 1/2 acres, -house with 11 outbuildings and electric light; good barn. Close to CHIMNEY Beach and on car line. Apply to Mrs. M. Taylor, Box 482, GRIMSBY.

The many friends of Miss Lillian Miller of the staff of nurses of the Buffalo General Hospital, will be pleased to learn that she has been appointed head nurse of the Surgical ward and where she has acted as first assistant for several years.

See the Detroit Vapor Store at Thos. Bros' Hardware Store.

The services in connection with the work of prayer will be held in the Presbyterian Church to-night (Wed.) and in the Baptist Church on Thursday evening.

Men of the town should hear Rev. L. H. Currie in St. John's Church, next Sunday evening on the subject "The Church and the Average Man Outside."

Lieut. Walter W. Johnson, M. C. of GRIMSBY, who was formerly reported missing Oct. 4, 1913 and afterwards reported killed, is now reported repatriated and wounded.

A supper under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid, will be served in the Methodist Church on Thursday, January 15th from 8 p.m. to 1.30 a.m. Good programs and social evening. Admission 25 cents. Every one welcome.

Mrs. E. M. Farmer, West Avenue, Beamsville, will receive on Friday, January 6th, 1915 from four to six.

For Sale-A two seated buggy, in good condition, also harness to go with it, in first class condition. Will sell for \$20.00.

For Sale-A number of White Leghorn Hens, laying. Apply to M. Fisher, St. Oak St., GRIMSBY.

The Fish Market is now open for business. We have some nice fish in and would be pleased to serve our old customers and many new ones. R. Hand, GRIMSBY, License No. 9-3280, at O'Garra's butcher shop.

To Rent-A good new house, in good locality, electric light, city water, bath, good cellar. Possession Feb. 1st. Apply to Mrs. E. S. Johnson, phone 22, GRIMSBY.

The Ladies Aid society of St. John's Presbyterian Church, will serve a fifteen cent tea, and have a sale of home-made baking, in the school room of the Church, on Friday afternoon and evening of this week.

Portable-Team, good work horses in good condition fed grain right along. Can be seen on my farm Thirty Mountain, Paul English, R.R. 2, Beamsville.

Lost-On Saturday, January 4th, an Aviation crest pin. Finder please return to Independent office and receive reward.

Portable-Cutter riding room table, cookstove. Apply to Mrs. T. A. Drury, McCarrick's Side Road, Beamsville.

Notice Joe Chapman and A. S. Cowan, spent the holidays with Corry and Mrs. Seaman. Mrs. E. S. Johnson, of St. Catharines.

Girl Wanted-To learn photography. Apply to Chas. Caldwell, GRIMSBY.

For Sale-A fresh milk Jersey cow with calf by her side. Apply to Hubert Recor, phone 106 ring 2, GRIMSBY.







# BRIEF STORY OF YEAR

## GREATEST EVENTS IN HISTORY OF MODERN WORLD.

Thankful Mankind Will Always Remember 1918 as "Peace Year," When Democracy Triumphed Over Autocracy in the Struggle to Establish Liberty and Justice on the Ruined Foundations That Are to Control the Civilized Nations.

DOWN through the ages, 1918 will remain one of the great epochs of history. Just as the year 1492 changed the entire future of the British Isles, and 1492 altered the progress of civilization, so will the armistice year be connected in the minds of men with a mighty turn in the direction of the affairs of the world. With generations yet unborn Nov. 11th will be a date as gloriously stated as it is with us who took part in the celebration of the event. It was the day when the war between two great systems of human government came to an end with the triumph of democracy over autocracy, as 1918 is to remain in the minds of men the dividing line between the epoch when the few ruled the nations and the epoch in which the many ruled "for the greatest good of the greatest number." The democratic idea has not yet been perfected, and mistakes are sure to be made in the future and errors committed, but at least the trend of the world towards liberty and progress is now towards.

The story of 1918 reads like a romance. Looking back over the outline of the year in a chronological table, one finds not only the greatest day in the experience of living men but also the darkest period of the war. It seems odd now to think that the situation of the Allies was desperate during the terrible days from May 31st onward until Generalissimo Foch launched his great offensive, July. We did not know a year ago that the German morale was nearing its breaking point or perhaps we might have faced the developments of 1918 with a greater feeling of certainty as to the outcome of the struggle. But the German General Staff realized that it had to secure a decision quickly, and von Ludendorff prepared for the great effort that was to smash the co-operation between the British and the French, break through the Channel ports, capture Paris and end the war with a victory for the warlord. The Allies were not prepared for the magnitude of the German effort. The Hun gathered together the forces released by the Russian collapse and launched their first attack in March against the British. The spot was well selected. Gen. Gough, one of the best of the British commanders, had to meet the offensive with the Fifth British Army, which was gradually, and the Germans secured one of their greatest successes in the war. The disaster taught the Allies an important lesson. They learned the value of a united command, and at the end of March, Foch, the greatest military genius discovered in the war, took charge of the entire strategy of the Entente armies in cooperation with the American forces. Five times the German attack in the month that followed, but in each offensive the results achieved by them were smaller. Foch was waiting for the psychological moment. Every week added to the size of the American armies and every week increased the exhaustion of the German fighting forces and decreased the morale of the German people at home. During the first week of July things did look very critical for the Allies. The Germans had reached the Marne and seemed on the point of breaking through to Paris. Then Foch with that peculiar genius which makes a great soldier, selected the hour to strike, not a moment too soon and not a moment too late.

On July 18th, the French delivered the first blow that was to be followed by a series of crashing offensives. Never again were the Germans able to snatch the initiative even for a moment. First the British, then the Americans, and at last the famed Hindenburg line crumbled and the end was in sight. Before the end of August, even the most pessimistic person knew that victory was a certainty, though nobody guessed how near it was. When the armistice came on Nov. 11th, the terms accepted by the Germans staggered the world. They indicated that the pride of the warlords was completely crushed. It was the most ignominious and humiliating surrender in modern history. After the Central Powers had been too exhausted to oppose the end and even until the capitulation of another winter campaign, when Bulgaria, Turkey and Austria collapsed in quick succession, the German people would stand on move. Amid a crashing of thrones that marked the passing of autocracy, the armistice was signed.

It is too early as yet to get any idea of the political effects of the war. The worst danger that has developed during the year is that of Bolshevism. It is a very extreme expression of the right of the masses to rule. In Russia, the Bolsheviks have been aggressive during the year. They have not only the copper classes and the capitalists, but also the more moderate middle classes. In order to defeat their opponents, they have adopted the policy of terrorism, and their excesses have caused a reaction on the part of the Bolsheviks that a great deal of industrial activity will follow the demobilization of the troops. It is during such periods that the Bolsheviks in all countries are apt to produce a harvest of anarchy. That is why the other Western nations are watching the social and political situation in Russia with such keen interest. The other significant series of

events during the past political year was the abdication of the Kaiser, Emperor Charles of Austria, King Ferdinand of Bulgaria and about a dozen petty German monarchs. These thrones were absolute only yesterday, and now they are gone. There is a test for some student of history to examine and preach upon. It is evidently a first step, but whether?

The year 1918 will be remembered in Canada on account of the coming of the Spanish influenza, a disease that has not been able to explain the meaning of this terrible epidemic, and doctors will not endeavor to say whether it has come to stay as a permanent scourge. It is undoubtedly partly due to the mal-nutrition that has resulted from the food shortages, together with four years of nervous tension and other abnormal war conditions. The terrible disease came across from battle-scarred Europe. The figures indicate that it has become almost a world-wide plague. An English authority estimated recently that six million persons had died of the "flu" in the past twelve months. The figures are appalling, greater than the number killed in battle in the war, and indicates why 1918, the year of the coming of the "flu" to Canada will not soon be forgotten.

- ### JANUARY.
1. Turkey made attempt to retake Jerusalem, and were defeated. Wilfred Campbell, Canadian poet, died.
  2. First draftmen under Military Service Act reported for service.
  3. Jewish battalions sailed from London to fight in Palestine.
  4. Mr. William Froude, K.C., was selected to lead the Ontario Liberals in the Legislature.
  5. Hon. Andrew Brewster, ex-M.P. for Dundas County, died suddenly at Morrisburg.
  6. The French Government recognized the new Republic of Finland.
  7. An Empire-wide day of prayer was held in response to call made by King George.
  8. President Wilson announced fourteen peace terms of Allies.
  9. Duke and Duchess of Devonshire were guests of President and Mrs. Wilson in Washington.
  10. Katharine Schmitt, notorious actress and former mistress of Emperor Francis Joseph, died in Austria.
  11. The Burgomaster, hideous and rancorous of men were heavily fined for refusing to have the bells rung to celebrate the German victory at Caporetto on the Italian front.
  12. Former Premier Joseph Caillaux of France placed under arrest charged with dealing with the enemy.
  13. King George created Miss Kathleen Burke, a commander of the British Empire in recognition of her war services. Miss Burke raised over \$1,000,000 for the Red Cross, and toured Canada on behalf of the Scottish Women's Hospitals.
  14. An attempt was made in Petrograd to assassinate Nikolai Lenin, the Bolshevik Premier of Russia.
  15. The Bolsheviks ordered the arrest of King Ferdinand of Roumania, who sought refuge with the representatives of the Allied Powers. The Bolshevik Government announced that Russia would repudiate all foreign debts.
  16. Gen. Sir Beauchamp Duff, commander-in-chief of the British forces in India from 1912 to 1916, died suddenly at his club in London.
  17. Allied warships bombarded Ostend.
  18. Sir Edward Carson resigned from British War Cabinet.
  19. Hon. W. J. Hanna resigned the office of Food Controller of Canada. His place was taken by H. H. Thompson, Victoria, B.C.
  20. Lt.-Col. John McCree, of Guelph, the Canadian poet and author of "Flanders Fields," died in France.
  21. Bolshevik troops captured Kiev from the Russian Constitutionalists.

- ### FEBRUARY.
1. The Lovat, a small British warship, was torpedoed and sunk by the Germans; 224 lives were lost.
  2. Hostless days were ordered in Canada to help food shortage.
  3. The Tuscan, an American transport, was sunk by German submarines and over 1,300 American soldiers perished.
  4. Sir Wm. Hearst, conservative leader, and Wm. Froude, K.C., Liberal leader, agreed to order Ontario Provincial election with strict L. war.
  5. Ukraine signed separate peace with Central Powers.
  6. Abdul Hamid, former Sultan of Turkey, died in Constantinople.
  7. Duke Pasha, the notorious German agent, was sentenced to death after being convicted of high treason against French nation.
  8. Gen. Sir Wm. Robertson, Chief of British Imperial Army Staff, resigned his office, and Sir H. H. Wilson succeeded him.
  9. Gen. Kaledin, one of the famous leaders of the Don Cossacks, committed suicide.
  10. Roumanian agents negotiations for peace with Central Powers.
  11. British captured Jerusalem from the Turks.
  12. Earl Russell, a well-known authority on British naval matters, died.
  13. The Irish Crosses were flown from the Irish Crosses in New York, and such new Cape Cove with the loss of 123 persons, only 14 were saved.
  14. Japanese decide to take with in Siberia against German and Bolshevik.
  15. Capt. O. T. Butler, A.M.C., was killed at Toronto for making a speech at the Dominion Alliance Convention, in which he accused Canadian soldiers of indulging in an orgy at the front on Christmas Day.

- ### MARCH.
1. Hon. H. C. Brown died suddenly at Calgary while on his way home from Ottawa.
  2. Most Rev. Gen. Gordon Legg, Archbishop of York, arrived in New York to visit his son who was in Canada and to visit his son who was in Canada.
  3. German forces in United States to sign the Treaty of Brest-Litovsk, accepting peace terms in the Irish Nationalist leader in London.
  4. Hon. John O. Campbell, ex-Premier of British Columbia, signed treaty of peace with Germany.
  5. Mrs. Louisa O'Neill, who wrote the popular "Keep the Home Fires Burning," was killed in London during a German air raid. Her home was completely wrecked.
  6. President Carranza of Mexico announced himself as opposed to plans of German troops to occupy All-Russian Russia.
  7. All-Russian Congress of Soviets declared peace treaty with Central Powers.
  8. Baron Puffinberger was offered the post of the British Cabinet Minister of Merchant Shipping.
  9. Jan Dillen was appointed leader of Irish Nationalists.
  10. Bill was introduced into Dominion Parliament giving vote to Canadian women.
  11. Germans launched the first great blow in their spring offensive on the Somme. The Fifth British Army was crushed before this attack could be made progress and the German drive for the channel ports had failed.
  12. Gen. Foch, the French Chief of Staff, was appointed to supreme command of the Allied forces in France—the creation of the generalissimo will always be regarded as the turning point in the war.
  13. Gen. F. I. Leonard appointed Military Governor of Quebec on account of riots.
  14. Rev. Nathaniel Hawthorne, former Chancellor of Victoria University, died in Toronto.

- ### APRIL.
1. Soldiers were shot by mob during rioting in Quebec.
  2. W. F. O'Connor, Chief of Living Commission, who made many enemies by his readiness to stop the food protests, resigned on account of lack of proper support in his work.
  3. Debate in House of Commons showed strong opposition to British aristocracy being permitted in Canada.
  4. Germans launched second big offensive against British and Portuguese on the Ypres.
  5. E. C. King, organizer of Bell Telephone Co. of Canada and president for many years, died in Montreal.
  6. Daylight saving was introduced into Canada for the first time.
  7. Germans captured part of Meuse River.
  8. Manpower Bill passed in British House of Commons to secure reinforcements.
  9. Duke Pasha was executed at Vincennes.
  10. Vincent Miller succeeded Lord Dufferin as Secretary of War in the Imperial Cabinet.
  11. The world was thrilled by the capture of British seamen who sank concrete-laden ships in the entrance to Zebrugge Harbor to seal up destruction of the harbor.
  12. The greater portion of the harbor of Ostend was blocked by sunken cruisers—another British exploit.
  13. Germans captured Mount Kemmel from the Allies.
  14. Germans launched fresh drive for the channel ports.

- ### MAY.
1. German forces occupied Sebastopol, the great Russian fortress in the Crimea.
  2. Field Marshal Vincent French was appointed Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.
  3. Peace treaty between Roumania and the Central Powers was signed at Bucharest.
  4. Gen. Sir William R. Robertson, who retired from the post of British Chief of Staff owing to disagreement with the Government regarding the negotiation of command of the war, was appointed commander of the Home Forces.
  5. Attempt to defeat Premier Lloyd George and British War Ministry by making use of charges made by Gen. Maurice was defeated. Lloyd George was upheld by large majority.
  6. Muller broke out on board ship of Austria Sea 2 Pads but was captured.
  7. Kaiser William made proclamation recognizing independence of Lithuania.
  8. James Gordon Bennett, the famous publisher of the New York Herald, died in France.
  9. Sir Robert Borden announced in the House of Commons the Canadian policy of state control of all the railways with the exception of the C.P.R.
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- ### JUNE.
1. Big German offensive definitely halted. German submarines attack United States shipping off Jersey Coast.
  2. Frenzies of Ukraine started an uprising against the Germans who were carrying away all the grain and foodstuffs belonging to the country.
  3. The ship that conveyed the British delegates to the conference held at the Hague between the British and the Germans regarding prisoners of war was torpedoed by the U-boats. This was a deliberate attempt at murder, following a safe conduct granted by the Berlin Government.
  4. Prof. Thomas Trotter, D.D., one of the leading Baptist divines in Canada, died in Toronto. He was the father of Lieut. Freeman Trotter, the Canadian poet who was killed in France.
  5. A serious meeting developed among the Austrian troops on the eastern front. Aid in suppressing it had to be secured from Germany.
  6. The French defeated the Bulgarians in a minor action in Macedonia, capturing several villages and hundreds of prisoners.
  7. Italians destroy Austrian dreadnought by daring exploit.
  8. Dr. von Seydler, the Austrian Premier, tendered his resignation to Emperor Charles.
  9. Austrians launched gigantic offensive against Italians on the Piave. It met with complete failure.
  10. Great Britain refused to recognize the new Government of Finland and the Ukraine.
  11. Bread riots occurred in Copenhagen.
  12. Italians smashed the Austrian attack completely. The enemy's losses were very heavy.
  13. The Italian transport Santa Anna was torpedoed and 240 men lost their lives.
  14. Sigmar Barczak, the premier ace of the Italian Flyer Service, was reported killed.
  15. Snow fell in Argentina for the first time in the history of the country.
  16. The members of the Rumanian Legion joined the Italians on the fighting line in the struggle against Austria.
  17. It was stated in the British House of Commons that absolute proof had been obtained of the existence of a conspiracy between the Germans and Miss Folsom.
  18. Former Premier Kerensky of Russia arrived in London.
  19. Canadian doctors and nurses were drowned when the German submarine the hospital ship "Llandovery Castle" on the coast of Ireland.
  20. Coast Officer Lafayette, a descendant of the famous Lafayette, was killed fighting with French artillery at the front.
  21. Snow fell to the depth of several inches in Germany, injuring the crops and hastening the economic disaster of the country.
  22. In all parts of the Empire, this day was observed as a Day of Prayer for the success of the Allied arms.

- ### JULY.
1. Lord Rhodes, who was British Controller and met his country from food crisis, died.
  2. Hon. Dr. M. P. Pland, formerly a member of the Laurier Cabinet, who was captured in Belgium, in 1914, arrived in England, having been extruded by the Germans.
  3. Gen. Count von Moltke, the German Ambassador in Petrograd, was assassinated.
  4. Mohammed VI. was proclaimed Sultan of Turkey.
  5. King George and Queen Mary celebrated their silver wedding.
  6. Dr. Edward A. Rumley, of the New York Evening Mail, was arrested. American secret service men joined that Germans were in the paper.
  7. Lt. Richard von Kuchlmann, the German Foreign Secretary, resigned as a result of his speech in which he admitted that Hunz could not win the war.
  8. Allies invaded Armenia.
  9. Germans started their last big offensive of the war. Their objective was Paris.
  10. Brigadier-General Hon. James Mason, banker and Senator, died in Toronto.
  11. Gen. Sir Nicholas of Russia was shot by order of the Bolsheviks.
  12. Foch launched the first big counter-offensive of the 1918 campaign. It was the beginning of the end for the Germans, who never again regained the initiative.
  13. German U-boat sank U. S. cruiser and Diego about 50 miles off New York.
  14. Second Battle of the Marne ended in victory for the Allies.

- ### AUGUST.
1. Allies captured Salomons from the Germans.
  2. Admiral von Holmsdorf, chief of German Admiralty Staff, was relieved of command.
  3. Allies broke out in Toronto, captured by veterans attacking restaurants conducted by men who were not Canadian citizens.
  4. Allies made further advance and captured Flanders.
  5. Veterans' riots against foreigners in Toronto came to an end.
  6. Canadians took part in Battle of Amiens and captured city.
  7. Rice riots broke out in Tokio, Japan. General arrest due to protesting.
  8. Canadians captured Meuse-Argonne.
  9. Walter H. Page, United States Ambassador to Great Britain, resigned on account of ill-health.
  10. Budapest was captured by the British.
  11. Allied airplanes raided Constantinople.
  12. Amiens, the birthplace of Calvin, was captured by French under Gen. Monnier.
  13. Wm. D. Hayward, the "unworn king" of the L. W. W., was sent to penitentiary for 30 years by a Chicago judge.

- ### SEPTEMBER.
1. Australians entered Portmout.
  2. Canadians took important part in breaking Quent-Brucourt line.
  3. British captured Ham.
  4. Americans launched their biggest drive in the war. St. Mihiel was captured from Germans, and within that they had held since 1914 was wiped out.
  5. Austrian-Hungarian Government made an official offer, asking all belligerents to enter non-binding peace discussions. This offer was refused by the Allies.
  6. British steamer Calcutta Castle sunk by submarine; many women and children were drowned.
  7. Germany made separate peace offer to Belgium, which was indignantly refused.
  8. Mrs. Clementine Fossenden, who suggested the creation of May 23rd as Empire Day in Canada, died in Hamilton.
  9. British smashed the Hindenburg line and 6,000 prisoners were captured.
  10. Germans launched offensive that drove invaders out of their country.
  11. Baku, in the Transcaucasia, was captured by the British on account of unreliability of Armenian troops.
  12. Gen. Allenby smashed Turkish forces in Palestine. This was one of the most significant victories of the war.
  13. Serbs and Greeks defeated Bulgarians, and great retreat of King Ferdinand's forces was precipitated.
  14. Anglican General Hynod adopted revised Book of Common Prayer to be used in Dominion of Canada.
  15. It was announced that Bulgaria would become a neutral Great Victory developed for Serbia.
  16. Allies occupied towns of Filipe and Dolan in the Balkans.
  17. Bulgarians asked for an armistice, but the Allies refused to consider anything but unconditional surrender.
  18. Canadians made gallant crossing of Canal du Nord.
  19. Serbian army captured Passchendaele Ridge and Ypres.
  20. Bulgaria surrendered unconditionally to the Allies.
  21. Large Turkish forces surrendered to Gen. Allenby.
  22. Herr von Hertling, the Imperial Chancellor of Germany, resigned from his office.

- ### OCTOBER.
1. Canadians took important part in capture of Cambrai, which occupied first week of the month.
  2. St. Quentin was captured by the French.
  3. Damascus, the capital of Syria, was surrendered by the Turks to Gen. Allenby.
  4. Prince Maximilian of Baden became German Chancellor.
  5. Austrian naval base at Durazzo was destroyed with a number of warships.
  6. King Ferdinand of Bulgaria abdicated and Prince Boris ascended the throne.
  7. Germany asked Allies to grant an armistice.
  8. French naval division entered Strait of the chief support of Syria.
  9. President Wilson replied to proposal for armistice with "unconditional surrender."
  10. Lord Bessborough resigned from the presidency of the C.P.R.
  11. Germany offered to accept President Wilson's terms in order to secure armistice.
  12. Allies captured Lens and La Fere on western front.
  13. King Peter's troops captured and entered Nish, the secret capital of Serbia.
  14. President Wilson told German Government that Gen. Foch would grant the armistice.
  15. Germans abandoned U-boat base on German coast and King Albert marched into Oostend.
  16. Chief of Lillo was liberated by the British.
  17. Hungarian Parliament decided to become a separate state from Austria, only called by person of the Emperor.
  18. Lieutenant-Governor Leblond of Quebec died.
  19. Czechs seized Prague and prepared to establish independent Bohemia.
  20. Baron Buriak, the Austrian Premier, resigned from office.
  21. Independence of Czechoslovakia was declared formally and recognized by the Entente Allies and the United States.
  22. Canadians captured Douai.
  23. President Wilson ended exchange of notes with Berlin, telling them that all future whines must be addressed to Foch.
  24. French forces crossed the Dardanelles and entered Roumania.

- ### NOVEMBER.
1. Canadians captured Valenciennes.
  2. Austria-Hungary made unconditional surrender to the Allies and their Allies.
  3. King Boris of Bulgaria abdicated and a republic was created.
  4. Germany received the armistice terms of the Allies. Official delegation arrived inside Allied lines. Republicans gained control of House of Representatives in election in the United States.
  5. Hon. T. W. Crothers, Minister of Labor, resigned from Borden Cabinet.
  6. Salvoes of German navy in Kiel Canal mistimed when ordered to go out and die fighting hopeless battle against British navy.
  7. Kaiser Wilhelm fled to Holland and world understood that he had abdicated.
  8. Revolutionary Government took control of Germany.
  9. Many German ships abdicated.
  10. Germany signed Allied armistice terms, which amounted to unconditional surrender.
  11. Emperor Charles of Austria abdicated.
  12. Frits Ebert became Chancellor in German Revolutionary Government.
  13. Revolutionary outbreak in Holland but Royalist party defeated Socialists.
  14. President Wilson officially announced that he would attend Peace Conference, being first President to leave his country during his term of office.
  15. First portion of German 11-battalion surrendered into hands of British.
  16. German Armada of 71 vessels surrendered to British navy and her Allies at the Firth of Forth.
  17. Lord Robert Cecil resigned from British Cabinet.
  18. Chile and Peru declared to be on verge of war.

- ### DECEMBER.
1. William Hohenzollern signed his formal abdication, renouncing all rights as king and emperor. Bavaria broke connection with Berlin.
  2. Poles took Lemberg from the Ruthenians.
  3. Edmund Roosted died in Paris. He was acknowledged to be the greatest poet of modern times. His best known plays being "Cyrano de Bergerac" and "Chantecler."
  4. Crown Prince Frederick Wilhelm formally renounced his right to German throne.
  5. Trouble between Chile and Peru formally declared ended.
  6. British elections took place.
  7. President Pazo of Portugal was assassinated.
  8. The city of Kiev, capital of the Ukraine, was occupied by the "Directorate," which established a revolutionary government.
  9. It was announced that the Prince of Wales will make a tour of all the overseas Dominions. King George desired this action to be taken to express his appreciation of the support of the Empire in the war.
  10. The premier's department of the Department of Justice issued instructions to the crown attorney at Toronto to proceed with the prosecution of the Rev. Ben Simeon, secretary of the Dominion Alliance, who published "The Parable," a book that expounds the extent of the drink evil in England, after the volume had been banned.
  11. Sir Arthur Pearson left England to visit America. He will consult with the Canadian authorities regarding the future of allied Canadian soldiers who have been treated and trained at the St. Dunster Hospital for Blind Soldiers.
  12. The first Jugo-Slav cabinet was formed at Belgrade to represent one of the new nations created by the war and to send representatives to the Peace Conference.
  13. The soldiers and sailors clashed on the streets of Berlin. There was bloodshed, but the soldiers triumphed. The soldiers respect the sailors of sympathizing with the Bolshevik propaganda.
  14. Dr. J. Wilbur Chapman, one of the most noted of American evangelists, died in New York.
  15. President Wilson and Mrs. Wilson arrived in London as the guests of King George and Queen Mary at Buckingham Palace. It was the first time in history that the President of the United States had put his foot on British soil.

- ### ADDITIONAL EVENTS.
1. The steamer Princess Sophia went down midway between Shagway and Juncos, and 346 persons were drowned. This was one of the most terrible disasters in the history of Canadian navigation.
  2. It was announced that the German war loan had proved a complete failure.
  3. Gen. von Ludendorff resigned command of German army.
  4. British captured towns of Aleppo from Turkey.
  5. Hon. W. M. Hoyle, former speaker of the Ontario Legislature, died in Toronto.
  6. W. F. Corbin, president of the Standard Bank of Canada and one of the pioneers of financial life in the Dominion, died at Ottawa.
  7. Havelock Wilson was elected to the British House of Commons. He represents the British seamen who are determined to keep the Germans off the high seas for five years after the war.
  8. Italians launched big offensive against Austrians on the Piave.
  9. Austrians were overwhelmed by Italians in big battle on the Piave.
  10. Turkey surrendered unconditionally to the British and the Allies.
  11. Austrian envoy arrived at Italian headquarters with white flag. Count Tiesi of Hungary, one of the men who plotted the war, was condemned.



(Continued from last week)  
HOUSE OF TOYS

dejected band where a dinky little man, armed with nothing but a bow, hair bow and his own nimble fingers, compelled a girl sitting next to him to sing songs of love and death with pain and dark passions and splendid triumphs. That is always music, though some call it noise. And the music did not come there. It found the player—transformed him. The homely man, a bit ridiculous with his mannerisms and whiskers, a little too obvious in his good will to others, disappeared. Where he had been stood a man strong but fine and gentle in his strength, proud and passionate, an strong man are apt to be, but leave enough to turn willingly from his chosen path



That Was a Night of Wonders to David,

because another way seemed best. David, watching the player's swaying body and translucent face, understood, as even the blind little man could never understand, how much, or how little, he had given to her.

"If only he could be playing always!" Jonathan's mother said. But for two hours the man who was no longer manlike and the girl who in real life was only a frail little housekeeper played to David—a brilliant polonaise, a nocturne that was moonlight and shadow set to music, a waltz that only the masters attempt, a few noble old dances. Between them she sang three, songs chosen by Jonathan, such a little more taxing than the ones before. Not once did she falter, and only once, in the last song, where her contralto voice had to take a flat above middle c, was there a hint of strain.

More than rare harmonies and melodies and rhythms were coming to David. Player and dancer, though they did not know it, were giving themselves to him. This was the man and the girl whom—rather patronizingly, as though he were conferring a favor—he had let prefer their simple, unaffected friendship. "He gave up his work of his own accord for that poor old woman who can't even guess at what it cost him. She was forced out of here when success was in sight. I don't know which is worse. And they don't make glossy grandeur out of it."

The last song, to which Jonathan improvised an obbligato, ended the music. Either for that was her name—pointed in dismay toward the clock and the sleeping hostess.

"Thank you," said David from his heart. He was thinking then, for more than the music.

Mrs. Radbourne stirred, rousing herself. "Are you at home, son?" My dear, you sang very prettily. Jonathan, you surprised yourself, particularly in the Largo. I remember Old Bull in '07."

When that anecdote was concluded the guests rose to leave. Because it was very late Mrs. Radbourne prevailed upon either to stay overnight. David would not be persuaded. So they gathered around him at the door. And, having shaken hands, he said again: "Thank you. And I should like to say—"

A sudden outward knock stopped him. "Good night!" he called to the night.

David walked home. When that absurd lamp had been conquered he began to walk as determinedly, as because a young man who was no longer to make any grander out of his fall-out. He kept it up until he reached the apartment and his child loneliness was a him.

"Oh, Shirley," he cried, "if only you were here!" And that was another saying he did not complete, because it might have been lacking in loyalty.

A new tenant for the apartment had been found. The new Saturday David turned the key for the first time on a scene of defeat. He was not sorry to leave. That night he took a train for an over Sunday visit with Shirley. She had been trying him to come.

"I know it's an extravagance," she wrote. "All the nice things are. But David Junior and I are so hungry for you." David's heart cut no capers at that even before he read what followed. "I'm afraid people will think it queer, you not coming, and of course I can't tell them it's because we are poor."

It was an unsuccessful trip from the beginning, though Shirley, all smiles and exclamations, met him at the station and hugged him so hard that she wrinkled his collar. She took him to Aunt Clara's in that lady's new car, saying, "Home, Charles," as if she had been here in anticipation and aboutness. There the day was taken up

by many guests, including the pug-nosed Sam Hardy, in cutaway and all waistcoat, New York made, that made David feel shabby than he looked—come to inspect Shirley's husband. The only real "add" he had was with Aunt Clara, who quizzed him concerning the state of his debts.

"You are doing quite well," she was pleased to approve. "I begin to believe there's something in you, after all."

"Thank you," David murmured so politely as the case allowed.

"Now don't get busy with me, young man," she said. "That's saying a great deal, from me to you. You can't expect me to fall on your neck."

"Not exactly," said David. "Thank you very much. I'm sure you're much to thank me for if you only know it. Shirley's letter of last week—then back there—plucking pinches with you. There are some things Shirley never could understand."

David answered nothing, but a little voice within was piping: "It is best it is true!"

Aunt Clara looked at him sharply, then suddenly, to her own great surprise, blew a trumpet blast from her long nose and said:

"Yes, but! Don't mind my important old tongue. I like you better than I mean. You may never get the river after, but you have a pretty pathos I never had. And I could be a first over you if I let myself. Do you want me to send her back home? I will if you say the word."

David hesitated a moment—

"Do you want her to go?"

"No," said Aunt Clara. "Shirley can be good company when things go to her taste."

"Does she want to go?"

"If she does," said Aunt Clara, quite herself once more, "she's bearing up under the disappointment remarkably well—for Shirley. I take it my question is answered."

Shirley and David went to the station as they had gone from it—alone in Aunt Clara's car. All the way he was trying to tell her of the new receiver he had taken when Jonathan and Mother Summers made music for him. It was strangely hard to tell.

"Shirley, I'm afraid you thought I was pretty babyish—about giving up my profession. I—I was babyish. I'd like you to know I've got my nerve back."

"Shirley was very sweet about it. I did think you were a little foolish to take it so hard, dear, when the old architecture never brought us anything but disappointments. I always knew you would come to look at it as a hobby. And she dismissed the subject with the carelessness it may have deserved. "When do you think Mr. Radbourne will raise your salary?"

"Probably before I have earned it."

"David, do you think we'll ever be rich?"

"I suppose not. There comes this chance of it."

She sighed.

"There is nothing in the world but money, is there?"

Tears of self pity were coming into her eyes. "It's terrible, having to look forward to being poor forever."

The train announcer made loud noises through a megaphone. David rose and looked down in a sudden daze



When do you think Mr. Radbourne will raise your salary?

at the pretty young woman who was his wife—to whom he had become but a disappointing means to an end, to whom his heart, though he might thrust it naked and quivering before her eyes, would ever be a mailed cloak inspiring no interest. His pretty blouse of lace was away, falling, and he could not support it.

"And I begin to think," he said quietly, "that we'll always be poor."

Even Shirley could perceive a certain quality in that speech.

"What do you mean by that?"

"Nothing that need disturb you. I have no reason," he added grimly, "to believe that it will disturb you."

She eyed him reproachfully and gave a sigh of patience sorely taxed.

"David, I wonder if you ever realize that in some of your moods you are very hard to understand."

"Too impractical. I suppose?"

"Right as always, my dear," she laughed. Mrs. Summers laugh because

she could weep.

He took her to the car, bowed her and helped her into the seat and watched her ride away.

A little lamp with a nasty, scolding voice that faded like a hot needle pierced itself to David's shoulder and kept clanking his ears.

The truth is you had nothing to lose but a few Shirley never really loved you. You were only one of her toys, one sort of game thing and not worth the price. You didn't love—no Shirley, only what you thought she was, what you saw her as in the

Therefore—

CHAPTER 2.  
Society.

SOME men fall out of love their wives as easily and correctly as they fall in even if it is a sort of relief from a disturbing factor thus a from their lives, and they live over after. But they are not permanent.

It was not so with David though it is a tragedy, at least a little. Even when it had been when it had refused to show I thought it turned upon him in a of mind, he had not lost faith. He had said in his heart, "At least love left, which is worth to have, and having that, I work out some sort of happiness as it." He had clung despite that hope, though the odds against it.

He had been clinging to it. When he found that out he was left. He was bewildered task of working out a happiness no love was. How could he when he had not even worked which to build?

He went to live at the house where he had been in month, a dingy, cheerless establishment that had but the one merit: none. He spent his evenings alone, smoking too much, working for Dick Holden. Tobacco burned his tongue, loneliness, more than ever, his soul. He thought of gold on the Jim Hainsville owners with the men he had known. But he shrank from cause he supposed his old life to say. "That David Querry—has quite pestered on me" as probably they were. He had come enough to it that those nights were not him.

Boarding houses that are cheap are not easy to find and took his problem to Mother. It made an excuse for a visit. He liked to watch the dance in those expressive gray eyes.

"Do you happen to know of a good boarding house? I go good because it has to be private. The place I'm at now is more. They're always trying. And the star boarder is a very clerk. He looks like an agent of ready-made clothes out of the side of his mouth. He thinks it an English over always talking to me about it on his staff."

"What is a squab?" she asked.

"I'm not quite sure, but I think it's a wholly imaginary creature by the charms of haberdashery."

"I see. I don't think of a new name"—She hesitated fully.

"Then what?"

"My aunt has a third one that is empty. It's a very old though it isn't furnished now are only two other roomers, very quiet and never bother a. We never fry omelets, and the pretty good boarding house block away. You could get your there."

"It sounds like the very thing I could furnish the room myself some of my stuff that's in the and—Do you happen to live in it?"

"I happen to. Of course I have objections"—She laughed.

"Would you let me not say a crack when you sleep?"

She nodded. "Those people do it anyway."

"Then I think I could water-jockey. Would you mind about your aunt about it?"

"This very night," she said.

"That is how David went to the der the same roof that sheltered Mother Summers."

It seemed a harmless arrangement. He saw her very rarely there. The morning he left the home before she did, at the end of the day, longer at the office, not by his own, but because his work called for longer hours. In the evening she stayed with her faded old aunt in their part of the house. The other roomers were quiet and exclusive as the proprietress had promised. So David by his new quarters, pleasant enough once his things had been installed, was left alone with his books, his letters to Shirley, and his work for the successful Dick Holden.

But there was something in that home—not to be accounted for by any creature comfortable—made it easier to fight off the blue fogs of loneliness and took away a little of the remainder's sting when some tantalizing shape appeared in his tobacco clouds. Every morning he was awakened by her voice at the piano, a few minutes of scales and then one song, always a true pathos song, full of hope and the sheer joy of living. In the evening she sang again, a little bolder at scales and another song, sometimes two. Then David's door would be set on a crack, and he would lean back in his chair, listening and thinking with some awe, as vague but as beautiful as a vision, and then in a certain architecture. Sometimes a film would come over his eyes. It is not clear why, for when she sang he felt to remember that he was a father, that he was in mourning for a lovely child and that he had become a new dreamer for money.

One evening when he had been alone that door for nearly a week he did not stop with the usual even the third song. He had not followed until she had sung enough for more than an hour.

Up in his room David sat thinking. After a long while he rose from his chair, put up the candle and began to work, not on a pretty, pretty picture for Dick Holden, but on a

was working on an... But he was run from the parlor. But he did not go down, though Jonathan and Mother made music until the evening was no longer young. It was a good year for work. The harmonies from now struck other harmonies in his heart and clarified his vision. That evening he completed a first sketch of the interior—the picture you get looking toward the altar from a point well back in the nave. It was good even a sketch, for he had seen very clearly and worked eagerly.

When it was finished he set back and looked at it for a long time while he made from the parlor looked up to him.

"I should have been doing this all along," he said to himself.

Nor did he notice that the music had ceased. He did not know even that he was no longer alone until a voice began in his ear.

"He doesn't look very happy," said he.

"Maybe," said another.

David jumped to his feet and peered over the door at Jonathan and Mother. "But he does, indeed, Vinton," he answered, "are requested to stay on this side of the door."

They stopped within. "Since you wouldn't come down," Jonathan explained, "of course we had to come up, though Mrs. Summers almost lost her courage on the way. She said we were taking a party."

"But didn't she protest in some manner?" "I only said—"

"But you don't seem to care much for company," Jonathan completed her sentence. "one was mistaken, I trust."

"Usefully," snuffed David. "And I've and company all of evening. They played and sang and helped me to work." He waved a hand toward the altar.

"Do you think," Jonathan inquired, "that we may take that as a compliment?"

"I'm not quite sure," she answered. "The means," chuckled Jonathan, who seemed to be enjoying himself hugely, "the most see the work before she comes here. Is it all right?"

"Of course, if you care to," David said. "And you'll find these chairs comfortable, I think—over here, where you get the light." When they had and down he turned the candle toward them. "Now, ladies and gentlemen," he interrupted. "If you will look upon my right—"

They looked, and their voices rose.

"You know better than that. Any man who can work out such things"



"It is better," he murmured. "I-I hadn't realized."

For a very little I would give you your discharge this moment."

"But I beg of you—Mr. Radbourne, you don't know what my position means to me."

"I didn't mean that seriously, of course, but you ought to be back in your own work. Why did you ever leave it?"

"Because I couldn't make a good enough living." David flushed as he said it. How pitifully poor, despite all his late philosophizing, that reason sounded! "Mr. Radbourne, let us drop the subject."

But the shining eyes Jonathan would not drop it.

"I think I can understand," he said gently. "Because it seemed the best thing for others you gave up the work you wanted to do and were fitted to do. You didn't win, and you did say little drudgeries well and patiently, at though they were the big things you would have done."

"You don't understand. I did win."

"I never hear you. Mrs. Summers we owe David an apology. We owe—"

"Not now," she said.

"But now, David, how long will it take you to finish your new plans?"

"But I'm not going to prepare plans—a few sketches for my own amusement that's all."

"I happen to know that Mr. Mark's is about to build."

"I am not interested, Mr. Radbourne."

"But I am. As a member of Mr. Mark's and as your friend I am deeply interested. How long will it take, David?"

David only shook his head.

call to him. "Woman," he cried, "would you not me? I'm no Standard Oil."

"It's the least I can possibly consider," she answered him firmly. "You can't expect to play good fairy without paying for the privilege. Now, Mr. Radbourne, what will you do?"

Jonathan, too, took out an envelope, wrote stately a row of figures, scratched it out, wrote another and handed it doubtfully to Mrs. Jim.

"Will that do," he inquired, "for a starter?"

Mrs. Jim gave him a special smile. "That is something like." She waved Jonathan's figures under her husband's nose. "There, Mr. Pinchpenny! Are you blushing for shame?"

"There!" whistled Jim. "If that's how he squanders his money he wouldn't ever come asking credit of me." He grinned at Jonathan. "Davy must be a mighty poor workman when you'll pay so high to get rid of him."

"Oh, no!" Jonathan protested. "It will be very hard to fill his place—in one way entirely impossible. But, you see, Davy and I have become good friends, and—"

"And, of course," Mrs. Jim put in sweetly, "in friendship one forgets one is a sharer of notes."

"Oh, my hands are up!" Jim groaned. "I'll watch your figures, Radbourne. But, for heaven's sake, don't raise me again!"

"What I'd like to know," said Jim when Jonathan was gone, "is why we are going to the poorhouse for Davy?"

"First," said his wife, "because we know Davy will do work that is worth while and because he is Davy; second, because it is good for us to give a little out of our much."

"No one helped me when I was poor," growled Jim.

"That," she explained, "was because you were known to have a talent for helping yourself and because you married me, who am help enough for any man."

"There may be something in that," Jim was forced to concede. "Shirley still at her work?"

"Yes."

"Hum! Mighty long visit. What's she doing there?"

"Having a very good time."

"While Davy's a-mal. Any trouble there, do you suppose?"

"No. But Shirley keeps writing about poor David who doesn't seem to be the money-making kind."

"With an air that says, 'Poor David, when a woman begins to speak sadly of her husband's down it is time they were together again with all news required. Shirley being Shirley, it had better be in property.'"

"Who's going to repair Shirley's dress?"

"That's part of the scheme. We must get her back somehow before



